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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 10/634,143 Arturo Sordo Miralles 2773-1-001 5092 08/04/2003 **EXAMINER** 06/29/2006 7590 **KLAUBER & JACKSON** SAMS, MATTHEW C 4TH FLOOR ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 411 HACKENSACK AVENUE HACKENSACK, NJ 07601 2617

DATE MAILED: 06/29/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary	10/634,143	MIRALLES ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Matthew C. Sams	2617	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).			
Status			
	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 May 2006.		
<i>'</i> =	, 		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims			
 4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1 & 2 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 3-20 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 			
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		

DETAILED ACTION

1. The Art Unit location of your application in the USPTO has changed. To aid in correlating any papers for this application, all further correspondence regarding this application should be directed to Art Unit 2617.

Response to Amendment

- 2. This office action has been changed in response to the amendment filed on 5/10/2006.
- 3. Claims 1 & 2 have been canceled and claims 19 & 20 have been added.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 5. Claims 3, 12, 14 and 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Smith et al. (US-6,891,811 hereafter, Smith).

Regarding claim 19, Smith teaches a system of interconnecting a remote server with a short message service centre (SMSC) through the Internet (Col. 1 lines 8-12), which is providing the means for sending short messages (SMS) between a remote

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server (Fig. 1 [152, 154 & 156]) and a mobile telephone user (Fig. 1 [120]) which is in communication with a SMSC (Fig. 1 [124]) on a GSM network (Col. 1 lines 31-44 & Col. 6 lines 6-11), with the remote server (Fig. 1 [152, 154 & 156]) being provided with means for communicating with the SMSC (Fig. 1 [124]) via HTTP (Fig. 1 and Col. 6 lines 1-37), for which both the SMSC and the remote server are provided with means of bi-directional transmission/reception of short messages via the HTTP protocol (Fig. 1 [100] & Col. 6 line 1 through Col. 7 line 41), characterized in that the transmission & reception comprises a client module and a server module (Fig. 2 [100]), where the client module comprises an SMS-HTTP message composition block which is provided with means for composing short messages adapted for their transmission via the HTTP protocol (Col. 6 lines 13-36), also being provided with a block for transmission of SMS-HTTP messages to server modules to which it is intended to send them (Fig. 3), server modules comprising an SMS-HTTP message reception block and a data analysis block with is provided with access to a database provided with means for verifying the data of originator, addressee of the message and access code, and as a function of this verification is also provided with means for generating a return code signaling data correct or data error. (Fig. 4 and Col. 6 line 1 through Col. 7 line 41)

Regarding claim 3, Smith teaches a conversion feature for converting SMS-HTTP messages to SMS messages. (Col. 9 lines 50-55)

Regarding claim 12, Smith teaches that mandatory and optional parameters of the short messages are sent. (Smith Col. 8 lines 50-56)

Regarding claim 14, Smith teaches the server and client modules have a means for generating acknowledgement receipts for all messages received. (Smith Col. 7 lines 50-52 and Appendix A)

Regarding claim 16, Smith teaches the means of reattempting transmission of failed messages a certain number of times have been foreseen and of reattempting transmission of acknowledgement of receipt messages a certain number of times. (Smith Appendix A [5.4])

Regarding claim 17, Smith teaches the SMS is sent from a remote server to the mobile telephone user and/or from the mobile telephone user to the remote server. (Fig. 1, 3, 4 and Col. 6 line 1 through Col. 7 line 41)

Regarding claim 18, Smith teaches the client module and server module of the operator of the mobile telephony network has the means of simultaneous communication with a plurality of remote servers to furnish simultaneous connection to a mobile telephone user with a plurality of remote servers. (Fig. 1)

Regarding claim 20, the limitations of claim 20 are rejected as being the same reason set forth above in claim 16.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 4-11, 13 & 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith in view of Martschitsch (US-7,020,479).

Regarding claim 4, Smith teaches the limitations of claim 19 above, but differs from the claimed invention by not explicitly reciting the use of HASH security functions.

In an analogous art, Martschitsch teaches a method and system for preparing and transmitting SMS messages in a mobile radio network that includes using HASH security functions for verifying a message's integrity. (Col. 6 lines 20-33) At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement the SMS conversions of Smith after modifying it to incorporate HASH security functions of Martschitsch. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this since it makes the network more secure.

Regarding claims 5 and 6, Smith in view of Martschitsch teaches the client and server modules have encoding and decoding means to allow more characters and symbols to be send/received. (Martschitsch Col. 4 lines 7-16 and Col. 5 lines 4-11)

Regarding claim 7, Smith in view of Martschitsch teaches the ability to transmit the SMS-HTTP message to GSM characters prior to composing the SMS message to send it along the GSM network. (Smith Fig. 1 and Col. 5 line 37 through Col. 6 line 67)

Regarding claim 8, Smith in view of Martschitsch teaches the ability to segment information in order to send longer messages. (Martschitsch Col. 5 lines 18-21)

Regarding claim 9, Smith in view of Martschitsch teaches the means of segmentation are foreseen in the message composition block. (Martschitsch Col. 5 lines 18-21)

Regarding claim 10, Smith in view of Martschitsch teaches the ability to segment information in order to send longer messages. (Martschitsch Col. 5 lines 18-21)

Regarding claim 11, Smith in view of Martschitsch teaches the means of segmentation are foreseen in the message composition block. (Martschitsch Col. 5 lines 18-21)

Regarding claim 13, Smith in view of Martschitsch teaches the short message composition block of the server module is provided with the means for recovery of the mandatory and optional parameters in the event they are omitted and a means for inserting default values. (Smith Col. 8 lines 50-56 and Martschitsch Col. 6 lines 20-33)

Regarding claim 15, Smith in view of Martschitsch teaches the server modules are provided with a return code transmission block that provides the means for indicating that the transmission has been correct or has been errored and a means to identify the type of error produced, the client devices also have return code reception blocks. (Smith Appendix A [5.4 & 7.1])

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 3-20 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Matthew C. Sams whose telephone number is (571)272-

8099. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Lester Kincaid can be reached on (571)272-7922. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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MCS 6/23/2006

> LESTER G. KINCAID SUPERVISORY PRIMARY EXAMINED

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